Considering Hysterectomy?

Learn why **da Vinci® Surgery** may be your best treatment option for a benign gynecologic condition





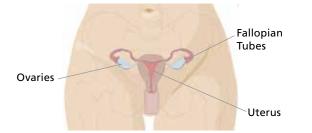
Conditions

Chronic Pain, Heavy Bleeding, Fibroids, Endometriosis, Adenomyosis, Pelvic Prolapse

A wide variety of benign (non-cancerous) conditions can affect a woman's reproductive system, which consists of the uterus, vagina, ovaries and fallopian tubes. Most of these conditions affect the uterus, which is the hollow, fist-sized organ that holds a baby during pregnancy.

Common benign gynecologic conditions like fibroids (growths in and/or around the uterus), endometriosis (uterine lining growing outside the uterus), adenomyosis (uterine lining grows into the wall of the uterus), or pelvic prolapse (slipping of the uterus, vagina and/or bladder) can cause pain, heavy bleeding and other mild to severe symptoms.

Women who experience severe symptoms are often treated with hysterectomy - the surgical removal of the uterus. An estimated one third of all U.S. women will have a hysterectomy by age 60.¹ While this figure is lower in many other countries, it is still a common surgical procedure worldwide. Fortunately, there are more options today than ever before for how a hysterectomy is performed.



The Treatment Hysterectomy

There are several ways doctors can remove your uterus. Hysterectomy can be performed by removing the uterus through the vagina. Recovery can take 3 to 4 weeks.² However, when the uterus is large, or you have internal scarring (also called adhesions) from a prior surgery or other gynecologic conditions, doctors often perform an abdominal hysterectomy.

Abdominal hysterectomy is an open surgery, which requires your surgeon to make a large incision below the navel. The main drawbacks of abdominal or open hysterectomy are: the large incision, average recovery of 4-6 weeks,² and greater risk of complications.³

Hysterectomy can also be performed laparoscopically. This means the surgeon operates through a few small incisions in the abdomen. The uterus is removed in this minimally invasive

*In some cases, a fifth small incision may be required.

While clinical studies support the effectiveness of the *da Vinci* Surgical System when used in minimally inva: major complications. Before you decide on surgery, discuss treatment options with your doctor. Understandi the *da Vinci* Surgical System may not be appropriate for every individual; it may not be applicable to your doctor can determine whether *da Vinci* Surgery is appropriate for your situation. All people depicted are mo *Single-Site, InSite, TilePro* and *EndoWrist* are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intuitive Surgical. All oth fashion using special instruments. One of the instruments is an endoscope – a narrow tube with a tiny camera at the end. This allows the surgeon to see inside your body on a 2D monitor.

Laparoscopic hysterectomy can be a challenging, complex procedure in part because of the long-handled, rigid instruments.



sive surgery, individual results may vary. There are no guarantees of outcome. All surgeries involve the risk of ng the risks of each treatment can help you make the best decision for your individual situation. Surgery with condition. Always ask your doctor about all treatment options, as well as their risks and benefits. Only your dels. © 2012 Intuitive Surgical. All rights reserved. Intuitive, Intuitive Surgical, da Vinci, da Vinci S, da Vinci S, er product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders. PN 871969 Rev D 06/12

da Vinci Surgery A Highly Effective, Minimally Invasive Surgical Procedure

If your doctor recommends hysterectomy, you may be a candidate for minimally invasive *da Vinci* Hysterectomy. Using state-of-the-art technology, *da Vinci* Hysterectomy requires only a few tiny incisions so you can get back to your life. *da Vinci* enables surgeons to perform this delicate operation with enhanced vision, precision, dexterity and control.

da Vinci Hysterectomy offers women many potential benefits over traditional open surgery, including:

- > Less blood loss³
- > Fewer complications³
- > Shorter hospital stay³
- > Minimal scarring⁴

da Vinci Hysterectomy offers women many potential benefits over traditional laparoscopy, including:

- Less blood loss⁵
- > Lower conversion rate to open surgery⁵
- > Shorter hospital stay^{5,6}
- > Less need for narcotic pain medicine^{7,8}

As with any surgery, these benefits cannot be guaranteed since surgery is unique to each patient and procedure.



²National Institutes of Health. Hysterectomy. Available from:

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/ency/article/002915.htm ³ Landeen LB, Bell MC, Hubert HB, Bennis LY, K Clinical and cost comparisons for hysterectomy via abdominal, standard laparoscopic, vaginal and robot-assisted passim. ⁴ Boggess JF, Gehrig PA, Cantrell L, Shafer A, Ridgway M, Skinner EN, and Fowler WC. A comparative stuc Gynecol 2008; 167 or ot placement, see figure 3.) ⁵ Payne, T. N. and F. R. Dauterive. A comparison of total laparoscop Gynecol, 2008; 15(3): 286-291. ⁶ Giep BN, Giep HN, Hubert HB. Comparison of minimally invasive surgical approach vaginal hysterectomy and laparoscopic supracervical hysterectomy. J Robot Surg. 2010 Sep;4(3):167-175. Epub 2010 total laparoscopic hysterectomy and Total Laparoscopic Hysterectomy. Oral presentation, presented at: AAGL 2012.

The Enabling Technology da Vinci Surgical System

The da Vinci Surgical System is designed to provide surgeons with enhanced capabilities, including high-definition 3D vision and a magnified view. Though it is often called a "robot," da Vinci cannot act on its own. The surgery is performed entirely by your doctor. He or she controls the da Vinci System, which translates all hand movements into smaller, more precise movements of tiny instruments inside your body.



Together, da Vinci technology allows your doctor to perform complex procedures through just a few tiny openings. As a result, you can get back to your life without the usual recovery following major surgery.

The da Vinci System has been used successfully worldwide in hundreds of thousands of procedures to date.

nutsen-Larson SS, Seshadri-Kreaden U. approaches. S D Med. 2011 Jun;64(6):197-9, 201, 203 by of 3 surgical methods for hysterectomy with staging for endometrial cancer. Am J Obstet ic hysterectomy to robotically assisted hysterectomy: surgical outcomes in a community practice. J Minim Invasive es for hysterectomy at a community hospital: robotic-assisted laparoscopic hysterectomy, laparoscopic-assisted) Aug 10.⁷ Shashoua AR, Gill D, Locher SR. Robotic-assisted total laparoscopic hysterectomy versus conventional D DO, Lacy P MD, Lee M RN, Chi G PhD. A Retrospective Analysis of Post Operative Pain in Patients Following

Your doctor is one of a growing number of surgeons worldwide offering *da Vinci*[®] Surgery for benign gynecologic conditions.

All surgeries, including *da Vinci* Surgery, involve risk of major complications. Before you decide on surgery, discuss treatment options with your doctor. Understanding the risks of each treatment can help you make the best decision for your situation.

For more information and to find a da Vinci Surgeon near you, visit: www.daVinciSurgery.com